carce forbear to transmit. It is always supposed to The Athenian Mercury

Daturday, February 10. 1694.

Impartital Judgment on the following Cafe: I am offer'd to be Tutor to the two only Sons of a Baronet deceas'd, whose Estate is above 1500 l. per Ann. my Friends are very urgent with me to accept it, but I am not at present inclin'd to it for these Reasons: First, The Stipend they proffer me (I think) is too mean; but 20 l. per Annum. For being in Orders, I Judge, they will make me do the Duty of a Chaplain; and if fo, to assign no more for so many Services, fee ns (to me at least) unbecoming a Gentleman to offer, as also insufficient for a decent Support. I have been at great Pains and Charge too, in my Education, and am (or at least I think to) in fome measure pretty well accomplish'd for such an Employment: Now, I can by no means think 201. per Annum, an Equivalent (which is hardly the Interest) of my Education, or a sufficient Reward for the Pains and Trouble of a Tutor. For the Children are very young; and tho' at first this may feem to make it the less Labour, yet it appears to me fo troublesome to beat the first Rudiments of Learning into Children, and to be oblig'd to comply with all their Humours, looks fo like playing the Fool, that I think it deferves much more than is offered in the Cafe. Again, I suppose they will be ashamed to offer the Seventh or Eighth Tutor no more, and fo many different Tutours the poor Children must have, (if not more) before they come to 21 (for who of any tolerable Sense or Ambition would fix and dwell upon 20 l. per Annum) And if fo, why may not I reasonably demand more, who (I Suppose) am expected first to bear with all the Fooleries of Children, and then to break 'em, and introduce the first Semina Literarum? Why must they have more than I who but build on my Foundation, and who come to Employment thro' my Pains, more easie, and in it felf more Pleasant and Creditable? 4. It is to be at Home; where besides the Confinement I reckon I must undergo, how much I shall be plagu'd between the Fondness of a Mother, and the Imperdnence of my young Mafters Relations or Servants, who are apt to be cenfuring the Tutors Performances, I can't tell; but the Comp'aints of some of my Acquaintance, who have been very hardly, nay, even unjustly dealt with in fuch Stations, make me very fearful, how I run my selfe into a Family, where possibly, I may not be able to live with any Honour or Satisfaction, or yet to get out without having my Temper, my Manners or Abilities call'd in question. For these Reasons, Gentlemen, I am yet in the Mind to refuse the present Offer; But however to comply fomewhat with the Importunities of my Freinds, and being yet less inclined to Marry, and take upon me the Cure of Souls, and perhaps being peculiarly fitted (more than every one) for such an Employment, by my Natural Genius, the Course of my Studies, and the New Defigns which I have lately laid down for my succeeding Years to aim at, I should not be unwilling. Well, these Demands granted, 1. A Sallary of 50 l. per Ann. to support my self suitably to the Honour of my Character, and the Family I live in; by which being Vindicated from Contempt or the Fear of Poverty, I may be able without Distraction to study the Temper and Improvement of my Young Papills. 2. As absolute a Command over them as may confift with Prudence, and their Obedience to their Parents. To use my own method in teaching, to recommend what Books I please, either for their Task or Diversion: Not to have the Mother come into my room, where I am to Inftruct them, to take account how maby Lessons, or how long, nor to listen at the Door

Quest. 1. T Earnestly desire your Friendly Advice and whether I Chide or Whip 'em too severely ; these to be left to my Discretion; for if I am not a better Judge of any of these things than a Nurse, a Sifter or a Mother, I am not fit to be a Tutor. 3. To have the Command of the Coach and a pair of Horses, not to go to a Cock fight or a Horse-Race, but to Visit the Wisest and best Bred Gentlemen in the Neighbourhood, and bring my little Mafters acquainted with Men and Things, which will at once open their Souls, and be some sweet Diversion after the Torture of Nouns and Participles: Tho' all this may look big, yet 'tis (I think) absolutely Necessary, and the Estate will bear it. I am not greedy of Money, nor do I defire fo great a Sallary to gratifie my Pride or my Pleasure, but that my Thoughts may be more at leiture, and the more exalted to Inspire my Pupils with such Sentiments as may make them good Christians and True Gentlemen, and I will promife not to leave 'em 'till I have made them fit for any Company or any Capacity in the Kingdom; but the Proffer of 20 l. per Ann. looks so pittiful, that I may safely prognosticate that they will be pure Gentlemen or Scholars who are Taught by such who will submit to such Drudgery for to poor a Reward: Where the Tutor is not enabled to live like a Man, there it can never be expected the Pupils should be overladen with Sense. I have fairly stated my Case to you, and make you Judges both of their Proffers and my Demands, which are most reasonable: For I declare that after all the Perswafions of Friends and Interest, the Reasons above seem to me Convincing, however I am resolved once more to be guided by you, and to take that Course which you shall judge most Advantageous and most Honourable?

Answ. Since you have desir'd our Advice, (tho' it appears to us that you are much more capable of advifing your felf) We shall also defire the Liberty of Printing the whole Lecter, which is so exact a Pattern for a Tutor's Accomplishments, and Methods, and Ends of Teaching, that we doubt not but that it will very much oblige the World. As for your own Determinations, We think We need not to tell you that common Prudence engages every one to do the best for himself, and and not to throw off every thing because We can't have what we would: What you have urg'd is very reaionable, but Reason finds not all the Friendship and Entertainment which a very few think it deferves. There's only one thing more to be confider'd in the Cafe, and that is the Common Providence of God, who tho' he makes us Offers of things, and gives us Reason to make use of it, yet has his own Ends and Defigus in it, making all terminate well for such as do their Duty in any State of Life, tho' never fo Contemptible, and when he Judgas em ht for a better, he wants not means to put 'em into it.

Quest. 2. What's the most likely to render a Man Unhappy ? An w. Himfelf.

Quest. 3. What think you of the Performance of the Author of The Gentleman's Journal as to his Preface before this New Edition of Rabiais? and what real Credit has that Book amonost all Wise and Learned Men?

An/w. Such as please may Confult a Letter directed to that Industrious Author. Printed in his last Journal, which feems to us fo proper an Answer to this Question, A. Printed for Solut Bellittell at the Acres in the

that Book amongst all Ingenious and well- Effect. read Persons, argues a great Ignorance of it, because its impossible to know that Book and ask fuch a Question. Those that please to Confult the Characters and Authorities of fo many great Men, which are annext immediately before the Work it felf, may have the latter part of the Question fatisfactorily answer'd: As for the Author's particular Performance in a Key to the whole, it shows him to be Master of a great deal of Reading and Industry, to accomplish what so many Learned Men have only wisht done and hinted at, but always despair'd to find that Pen that durit undertake fuch a Task, which now feems as Naturally performed as if the Author had been a particular Friend and Intimate of the great Rablais himfelf.

Quest. 4. A Lady after she had been in Bed about a Quarter of an Hour, not being in the least inclin'd to sleep, felt something come up the side of her Bed, and lye upon her Feet ; she fearing the might neglect to lock the Door, Suppos'd it might be a Spaniel Puppy that was in the House, and moving her Feet it went off at the Feet of her Bed, but coming about to the same side it came on again, and plac'd it self on the left side, she lying on the right, near a Quarter of an Hour; she endeavour'd as much as possible to throw it off, but cou'd neither stir nor speak, 'till at length she had power to move, and then it went off at the Feet of the Bed again, but came on the same way the third time, and lay there a considerable while, she being in the same Agony as before, Sweating and Breathing with difficulty, but cou'd not move or speak; at last it left her, but finding in the Morning the Door fast lock'd, and the Dog shut up in his usual place, she was extreamly surprized, and defires your Opinion what it might be that fo disturb'd her?

Answ. Perhaps she Dreamt, perhaps 'twas Fancy, or Vapours, or perhaps Mrs. Puss a Purring, and leaping off agen as often as she turn'd — For if twas a Devil, 'twas a very foolish one, to be Content with such a Cold Place, when he might have crept up and lain warm in her Bosom.

Quest. 5. Which can the greatest and most lasting Happiness be expected from, Love or Friendship?

Answ. Singly, Friendship, because where Love is placed upon an Object for Beauty or any little sading Charm, it can never last; but if Merit is the Foundation, that not only commands Esteem, but will be sure to preserve it, and when warm'd by Love must needs give the greatest Felicity: Tho' if alone Friendship gains the day, since Merit

that we can scarce forbear to transcribe it is always supposed to precede it, and the Verbatim. To ask after the Reputation of same Cause must always produce the same

Abbertifements.

The Second Volume of the French Book of Martyrs is now in the Press; Published with 19er
Majetties Boyal Privilege, and the 3d. and 4th,
are preparing for it; containing an account of all the
Perfections that have been in France, during the Reign
of Lewis the 14th. Those that expect any advantage by
the Proposals made concerning this Work, must fend
in their Subscriptions by the 10th of March next, or
otherwise 'twill be too late. Proposals are to be had
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Poultry, and of most Book ellers in London and the
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